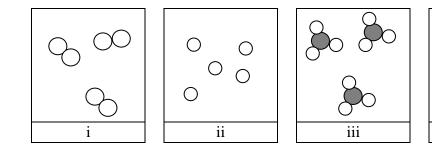
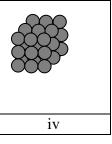


## ПЕРИОДЕН СИСТЕМ НА ЕЛЕМЕНТИТЕ

## Part I

1. Mark which of the following diagrams represents particles of a simple substance:





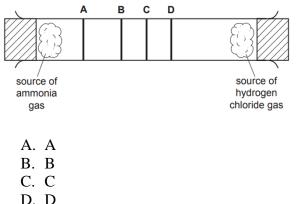
- A. Only ii
- B. Only і и іі
- C. Only iii и iv
- D. i, ii и iv



2. The boiling points of various gases present in the air are shown in the table below. If the air is cooled, the first substance to condense is water (more precisely, water vapor). If the air temperature is further lowered, what is the next substance to condense?

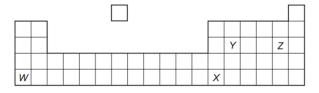
substance	argon	carbon dioxide	nitrogen	oxygen
T <sub>B</sub> / °c	-186	-78	-198	-183

- A. Argon
- B. Carbon dioxide
- C. Nitrogen
- D. Oxygen
- 3. The diagram shows an apparatus used to compare the rate of diffusion of two gases, ammonia and hydrogen chloride. At which labeled position (A, B, C, or D) will ammonium chloride form?

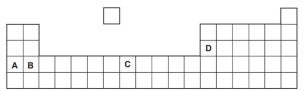


- 4. In designing a car frame to absorb energy during a collision, which property is crucial to prevent the frame from breaking easily?
- A. Low density
- B. High malleability
- C. High boiling temperature
- D. High brittleness
- 5. Metal X forms oxides with formulae XO and X<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>. Where is X located in the Periodic Table?
- A. In the second group
- B. In the third group
- C. In the second period
- D. In transition metals

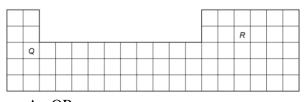
6. The diagram shows an outline of the Periodic Table. Which statement is NOT true?



- A. W reacts very slowly with cold water.
- B. W and Z could react together and form a compound of formula WZ.
- C. X could form an oxide with the formula  $X_2O_3$ .
- D. Y could form an oxide with the formula  $YO_2$ .
- 7. The diagram shows an outline of the Periodic Table. Element X has a high melting point and is a good conductor of electricity. It forms chlorides with formulae XCl<sub>2</sub> and XCl<sub>3</sub>. In which of the indicated places (A, B, C or D) can the element X be placed?



- A. A
- B. B
- C. C
- D. D
- 8. The diagram shows the location of elements Q and R in the Periodic Table. What is the formula of the compound they form?



A.	$QR_2$
B.	$Q_2R$
0	0 D

- C.  $Q_2R_3$
- $D. \ Q_3R_2$



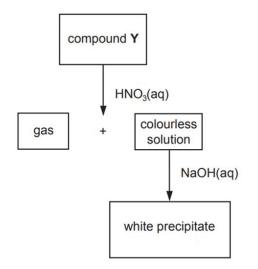
- 9. Sulfur and selenium are in the same group in the Periodic Table. Hence, we would expect selenium to form compounds whose chemical formulae are:
- A. SeO, Na<sub>2</sub>Se and Na<sub>2</sub>SeO<sub>4</sub>
- B. SeO<sub>2</sub>, Na<sub>2</sub>Se and NaSeO<sub>4</sub>
- C. SeO<sub>2</sub>, Na<sub>2</sub>Se and Na<sub>2</sub>SeO<sub>4</sub>
- D. SeO<sub>3</sub>, NaSe and NaSeO<sub>4</sub>
- 10. A nonmetal X forms oxides with formulae XO<sub>2</sub> and XO<sub>3</sub>. X is:
- A. Aluminum
- B. Carbon
- C. Hydrogen
- D. Sulfur
- 11. The word equation is given bellow:

lead(II) nitrate	+	potassium iodide	$\rightarrow$	lead(II) iodide	+	potassium nitrate
colorless solution		colorless solution		yellow precipitate		colorless solution

Which method is most suitable for separating the products?

- A. Sublimation
- B. Crystallization
- C. Distillation
- D. Filtration
- 12. A reactive metal reacts with dilute hydrochloric acid to produce a gaseous substance. What is used to identify this gas?
- A. A glowing splint
- B. A lighted splint
- C. Blue litmus paper
- D. Limewater

- 13. Which metals do NOT react with water?
- 1 calcium 2 copper 3 potassium
  - 4 silver
- A. 1 and 2
- B. 1 and 3
- C. 2 and 4
- D. 3 and 4
- 14. Based on the scheme below, determine substance Y.



- A. Aluminum sulfate
- B. Calcium carbonate
- C. Copper(II) carbonate
- D. Zinc sulfate
- 15. Cesium (Cs) is an element of the first group in the Periodic Table. Which statements about cesium are true?

1 Cesium conducts electricity in both solid and liquid states.

2 The reaction of cesium with water is extremely violent.

3 Cesium reacts with water and forms a solution of pH < 7.

- A. Only 1 and 2
- B. Only 1 and 3
- C. Only 2 and 3
- D. 1, 2 and 3





1. Under each picture (from a to f) write the SYMBOL or FORMULA of the substance to which the diagram refers. For each picture, choose one of the following substances: iron(II) sulfide, nitrogen monoxide, gold, oxygen, ammonia, nitric acid, helium, water, hydrogen chloride.

## 6 points

а	b	с	d	e	f

- 2. In the table, write the necessary data, so that in the column:
  - A state the chemical symbol or formula of the corresponding substance
  - $B-\ensuremath{\mathsf{state}}$  the chemical name of the corresponding substance
  - C indicate whether it is a simple substance or a compound
  - D specify what type of particles the corresponding substance is made of

## 7 points

Α	В	С	D
	potassium sulfide		
Cl <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>			
Zn	zinc		
	magnesium nitride		
P <sub>4</sub>			

3. Look at the corpuscular diagram (molecular representation) of the reaction between hydrogen and oxygen that forms water and answer the questions.
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
I. The ratio of hydrogen to oxygen involved in the reaction where water is produced is
2 points
II. When 4 g of hydrogen react with 32 g of oxygen, 36 g of water are formed. How many grams of water will be obtained if 4 g of hydrogen and 64 g of oxygen are available?
2 points
4. Complete the following word equations: <b>3 points</b>
rubidium + water $\rightarrow$
zinc oxide + nitric acid $\rightarrow$
hydrobromic acid + ammonium hydroxide $\rightarrow$